



PAC INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND SOCIAL STUDIES JANUARY – APRIL 2025 ASSESSMENT

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

Qualification Code : 042106T4CRJ
Qualification : CRIMINAL JUSTICE
Code : SEC/OS/CJ/CC/06/6/A
Unit of Competency : PSYCHOLOGICAL CONCEPTS

TIME: 3 HOURS

APRIL 2025

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE:

- 1. Read all the instructions carefully before attempting the questions.*
- 2. This paper consists of two sections, A & B.*
- 3. You are allowed 3 Hours to Answer the questions.*
- 4. Marks for each question are indicated in brackets.*
- 5. Write your responses in the Separate Answer booklet provided.*
- 6. Do not write anything on this question paper.*

SECTION A: (40 MARKS)

*Answer **ALL** questions in this section.*

- 1) State **THREE** components of personality traits according to Sigmund Freud. (3mks)
- 2) Human behaviour is based on different situations and responses to various stimuli. State **FOUR** types of human behaviour. (4 mks)
- 3) Highlight **FIVE** factors that influences human behaviour. (5 mks)
- 4) State TWO differences between counselling and guiding (4mks)
- 5) Highlight **FOUR** importance of counselling. (4mks)
- 6) State **FOUR** merits of studying psychology. (4mks)
- 7) State **FOUR** core theories of psychology. (4mks)
- 8) Highlight **FIVE** stages of counselling process. (5mks)
- 9) State **ONE** difference between short term and long term memory (2 mks)
- 10) Psychological disorders, also known as mental health disorders or psychiatric disorders, are patterns of behavioural or psychological symptoms that impact multiple areas of life and cause distress. Highlight **FIVE** psychological disorders. (5 mks)

SECTION B: (60 MARKS)

*Answer any **THREE** questions in this section.*

11. Counselling strategies for responding to the immediate needs of offender's focus on addressing their immediate psychological, emotional, and behavioural challenges.

- a) Discuss **FIVE** strategies that counsellors use to respond to offenders. (10 mks)
- b) Expound **FIVE** challenges that counsellors face while trying to achieve counselling strategies. (10mks)

12. a. Criminogenic factors are those that are linked to criminal behaviour, meaning they increase the likelihood of an individual engaging in crime. Explain **FIVE** criminogenic factors and behaviours. (10 mks)

12. b. Non-criminogenic factors are those that do not directly contribute to criminal behaviour but may still influence an offender's experiences or rehabilitation process. These factors are less likely to be targeted in interventions aimed at reducing recidivism but are important for understanding the offender's overall well-being. Discuss **FIVE** non-criminogenic factors and behaviours. (10 mks)

13. Specialized groups within the offender population have unique needs that require tailored interventions to address their specific challenges.

- a) Discuss **FIVE** needs of specialized groups or individuals. (10 mks)
- b) Explain **FIVE** intervention measures for individuals with specialized needs. (10 mks)

14. Treatment plan serves as a roadmap for rehabilitation, guiding both the offender and professionals in working toward behavioural change and successful reintegration into society.

- a) Examine **FIVE** benefits of a treatment plan. (10 mks)
- b) Discuss **FIVE** types of treatment programs (10 mks)